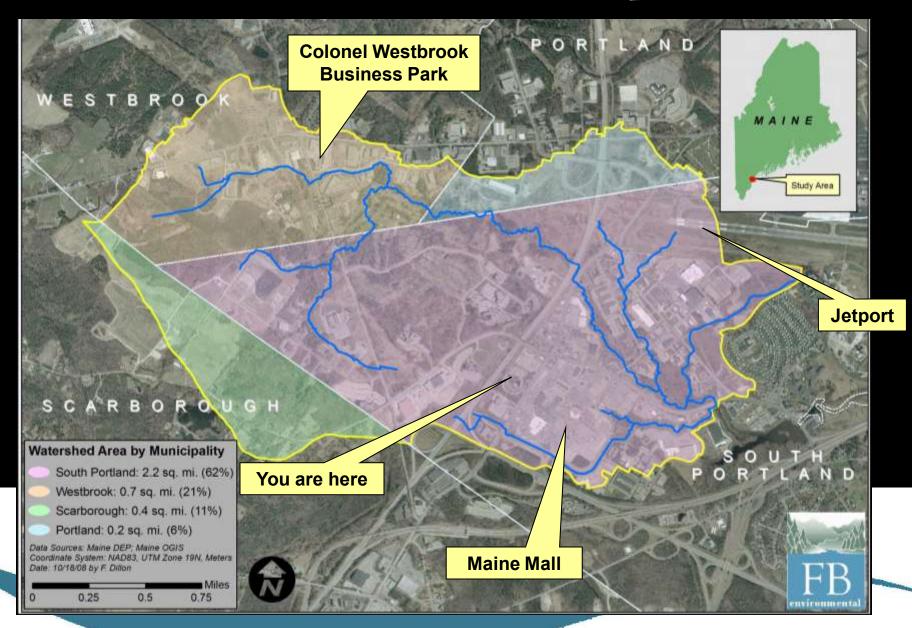
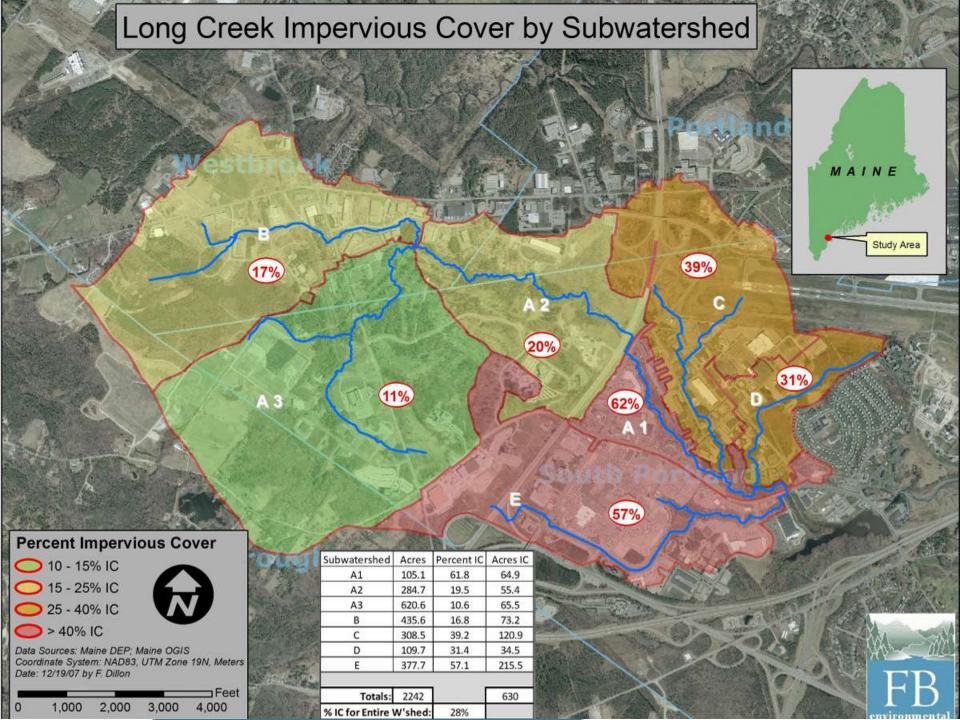
Long Creek: An Institutional Model

State of the Bay October 21, 2010

Tamara Lee Pinard, Stormwater Program Manager nd County Soil & Water

Long Creek Watershed ~ 3.5 square miles





Management Plan Goal

- Bring the stream up to water quality standards –less expensive, faster, better
- To do this: Develop a <u>cooperative</u> program

Long Creek Planning Project Partners

Municipalities/Quasi-municipal

- City of South Portland
- City of Westbrook
- Town of Scarborough
- City of Portland
- ecomaine
- Cumberland County Soil & Water Conservation District

State Entities

- Maine Department of Environmental Protection
- Maine Department of Transportation
- Maine Turnpike Authority
- Maine NEMO

Businesses/Business Representatives

- Fairchild Semiconductor
- National Semiconductor
- Marriott at Sable Oaks
- The Maine Mall
- CBRE The Boulos Company
- Ocean Properties Ltd.
- Bramlie Development Corp.
- Maine Wetlands Bank
- Portland Regional Chamber
- SP/CE Chamber of Commerce

Nonprofits

- South Portland Land Trust
- Casco Bay Estuary Partnership
- Conservation Law Foundation

What Does Restoration Mean?

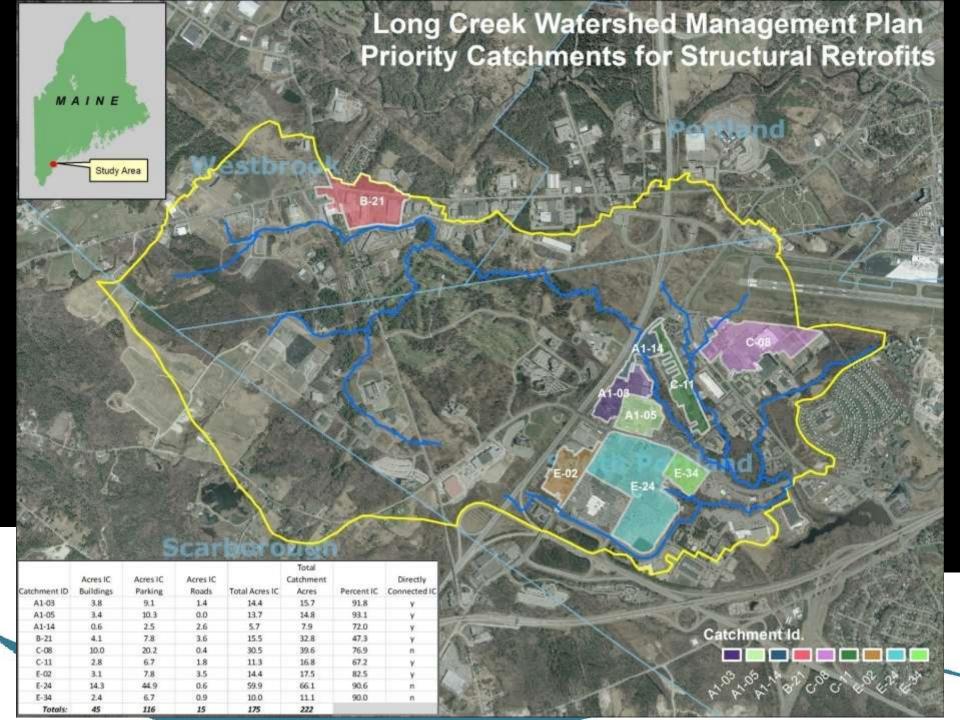
Attain water quality standards for:

- Aquatic life
- Habitat
- Dissolved oxygen
- Metals/Chlorides

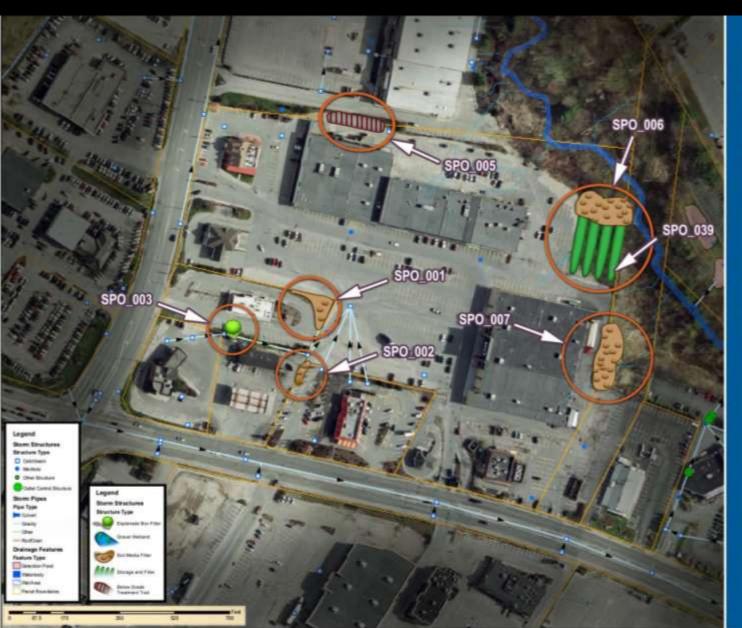


Restoration Strategies

- Reduce impact from impervious surfaces
 - Good housekeeping pollution prevention
 - ▲ Reduce impervious surfaces
 - ▲ Land use planning and policy
 - ▲ Education and outreach
- Disconnect impervious areas
- Restore stream and streamside zone



Catchment Retrofit Example



CATCHMENT A1-05

Catchment Characteristics

DEP ID A1-05 Size 14 acres Impervious Cover Breakdown Rooftop 25% (3.4 acres) Parking 75% (10.3 acres) Roadway 0% (0 acres)

Existing Stormwater Management System – No Stormwater Infrastructure Ownership – Private

Opportunity Overview

Tier 1: Provide "end of the pipe" below grade storage and filtration for primary catchment area. Include development of surface soil media filter during construction of below grade system in same location. Tier 2: Implement additional water quality retrofits in

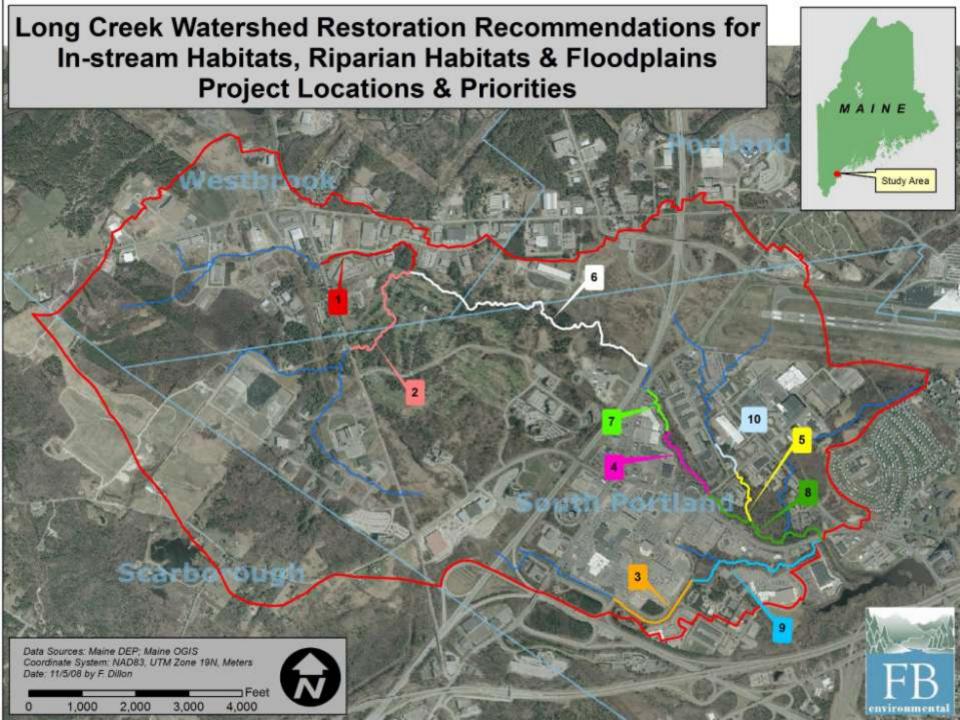
tree 2: imprement accitorial water quality retroits in other portions of catchment area to enhance function of Tier 1 system.

Tier 3: Integrate Tier 1 and Tier 2 designs to reach ideal treatment threshold for entire parcel. Install soil media filter for Dick's rooftop runoff (currently outside of catchment area).

Tier	Retrofit ID#	Estimated Cost
1	SPO_006 SPO_009	\$460,000
2	9PO_001 SPO_002 SPO_003 SPO_005	\$165,000
3	Integration of Tier 1 and Tier 2 SPO_007	\$170,000

Considerations

Detailed survey and engineering evaluation of existing storm drain infrastructure near outlet will be necessary to determine appropriate options for stormwater treatment system in this area. SPO_005 assumes sufficient depth of adjacent storm drain to install a below grade water quality filter system.





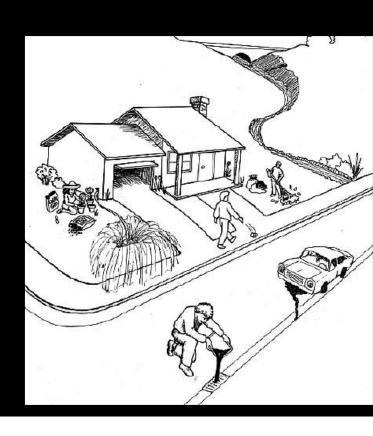
Clean Water Act Refresher

Past permits

Point source - discharged from pipe

Present permits

- Polluted runoff from many smaller, diffused sources
- Municipal and industrial sources
- Clean Water Act allows individuals to petition to designate other pollution sources that are



Residual Designation Authority

- Conservation Law Foundation petitioned EPA in March of 2008
- EPA preliminary decision to designate published in Federal Register on 12/31/08
- Final decision published 10/30/09

Residual Designation Authority Requirements

- Maine DEP to administer program
- Requires permits for discharges from parcels with at least 1 acre of impervious cover
- Owners of designated parcels need a permit
 - ▲Two options exist:
 - Individual permit
 - General permit

Potential Cost of Individual Permits

ESTIMATED COSTS PER ACRE IMPERVIOUS COVER						
	Low	High				
Capital Costs	\$30,000	\$50,000				
Annual Payments - 10 Year Loan at 5%	3,885	6,475				
Good housekeeping and reporting	1,500	3,500				
Water quality monitoring	500	1,000				
Stream restoration fee	345	435				
Total Annual Costs for Individual Permit	\$6,230	\$11,410				

Collaboration Allows for Pooling of Resources to Solve Collective Problem

- Stormwater treatment systems for multiple parcels more efficient than those for individual parcels
- Fund cost-effective options before less cost-effective ones
- Track progress on a watershed basis

How much will it cost?

Annual fee \$3000 per impervious acre per year Initial annual fee supports

- \$1200 Construction & Maintenance
- \$900 Pollution Prevention & Good Housekeeping
- \$720 Administration
- \$180 Monitoring

Interlocal Agreement provides Legal Structure

 Long Creek Watershed Management District established through interlocal agreement between

watershed municipalities

 Allows for public and private governing board members who will oversee plan implementation



Management District Oversight Structure

 Governing board oversees implementation of the Plan and is appointed by municipal councils

	Municipal	Public	Private	Nonprofit	
South Portland	2		4	1	7
Westbrook	1		2		3
Portland	1		0-1	0-1	2
Scarborough	1	0-1	0-1		2
MDOT		0-1			0-1
MTA		0-1			0-1
		0-3	6-8	1-2	14-16

Timing

Long Creek Restoration Project/Program

Jan '07 -**June** '09 Develop Plan

Program Start Up Period (Jan 2009 – June 2010)

July '09 Approve Plan

Seek grants, conduct landowner outreach Develop legal structure – interlocal agreement Develop landowner agreement Finalize program design, fees

Stimulus!

Enrollment

Coordinated program begins

Permitting Process Timeline

July 2009 Draft general permit issued

March 2009 **Permit** comments considered, final permit issued Oct 2009

December 2009 Designated landowners notified, 180 days to decide whether to file for individual permit or participate in coordinated program

Notice of Intent due June 2010 2010

Designated landowners opt in or file for individual permit

Creating an Agreement that Meets the Needs of Private Businesses and Public Entities

Doors into and out of the Watershed Program

Assuring participation will be valued

- ▲ Addressing the concern that landowners with redevelopment plans feel they may "pay twice"
- Predictability of fees
- Fairness: everyone public and private needed



Landowner Obligations

- Pay Initial and Annual Assessments by due dates
- Provide Easements over Parcel:
 - ▲ Easements for BMPs identified in Plan Participating Landowner required to provide
 - ▲ Easements for BMPs added to Plan Participating Landowner has veto authority

Easements on Private Land for Public Purpose

Needed to address:

- Potential to redevelop property and either remove or relocate the installed BMP and associated easement
- Liability of the landowner



Assessment Structure

- \$3,000/impervious acre/yr
- Cap on increase in Assessment (CPI plus 2%)
- Credits provided for stormwater treatment and good housekeeping activities on own parcel
- Services can be provided in Lieu of Payment
 - ▲ Need approval by the Governing Board
 - ▲Only applied <u>after</u> the service is provided

Where are we now?

- 125 designated parcels
 - ▲ 110 (93% impervious acreage) General Permit
 - ▲8 have not acted yet
 - ▲4 individual permits
 - ▲3 working to get under 1 acre
- American Recovery & Reinvestment Act projects are substantially complete

Mall Plaza Phase I Priority Retrofit

SITE CHARACTERISTICS

Impervious Cover:

Rooftop - 25% (3.4 acres)

Parking - 75% (10.4 acres)

Impervious Cover Treated: 11 acres

PROJECT COST

Engineering & Oversight: \$ 99,471 Construction: \$ 578,959 Legal & Administration: \$ 22,388

Total \$ 700,818



Completed Soil Media Filter – cost /acre treated \$63,711



Soil Media Filter - After a 3.75" rainstorm





What's Next?

- Operation and Maintenance plans are being developed for all participating parcels
- Vacuum sweeping and cleaning out of all catch basins to occur through November
- Education programs to be developed for landowners, property managers and landscapers

Streamside Restoration Planned for Spring '11



Streamside Restoration Planned for Spring '11











Streamside Restoration Planned for Spring '11







Lessons Learned

- It can be good to have a gorilla in the closet
- Bringing people in early and often
- Managing stormwater across properties
- Learning to appreciate business
 - Eager to be good corporate citizens
 - Need to show a benefit to their business
 - Seek a strong measure of certainty

Ongoing Challenges

- Winter maintenance
- Landowner expectations
 - Retrofit maintenance
 - WQ data
 - Implementation schedule & progress
- Balancing ideals of implementation with existing local and state requirements



Ongoing Challenges



For More Information www.restorelongcreek.org

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